

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/719,241	11/21/2003	Robert J. Jimenez	23-0330	2188
40158 7	7590 01/25/2005		EXAMINER	
LEONARD & PROEHL, PROF. L.L.C.			WILSON, GREGORY A	
3500 SOUTH FIRST AVENUE CIRCLE SUITE 250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	LS, SD 57105		3749	
			DATE MAIL ED: 01/25/200	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	A1!1/-\		
		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/719,241	JIMENEZ, ROBERT J.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Gregory A. Wilson	3749		
? Period for f	The MAILING DATE of this communicate Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address		
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the per - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR ALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA' ns of time may be available under the provisions of 37 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day ind for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by received by the Office later than three months after that term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION.  CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ration.  ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of thir y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠ R€	esponsive to communication(s) filed or	n <i>21 November 2003</i> .			
·	•	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.			
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition	of Claims				
4a 5)⊠ CI 6)⊠ CI 7)⊠ CI	aim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are pending in the appli ) Of the above claim(s) is/are waim(s) <u>17</u> is/are allowed. aim(s) <u>1-10 and 13</u> is/are rejected. aim(s) <u>11,12 and 14-16</u> is/are objecte aim(s) are subject to restriction	vithdrawn from consideration.			
Application	Papers				
10)⊠ Th Ap Re	e specification is objected to by the Exe drawing(s) filed on 21 November 20 oplicant may not request that any objection eplacement drawing sheet(s) including the e oath or declaration is objected to by	$03$ is/are: a) $\square$ accepted or b) $\boxtimes$ to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority und	ier 35 U.S.C. § 119				
a)□ 1. 2. 3.	knowledgment is made of a claim for the All b) Some * c) None of:  Certified copies of the priority doce Certified copies of the priority doce Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International exthe attached detailed Office action for the certification for the attached detailed Office action for the at	numents have been received. numents have been received in A ne priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)		· A\ \[ \]	Commons (PTO 412)		
2) Notice o	f References Cited (PTO-892) f Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3 ion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC o(s)/Mail Date	948) Paper No(	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 		

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Specification**

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On page 2, line 16, incorrect patent number 6,257,88.

Appropriate correction is required.

## **Drawings**

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: housing 20, portable torch 6, heat gun 8. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Todd et al (5,853,289). Todd et al discloses a pipe heating apparatus (10) for heating a pipe and conduit and includes a housing having a lower portion (22) and an upper

portion (36), the lower portion has a bottom wall capable of being rested upon a horizontal support surface, the lower portion has a lower perimeter wall (34) extending upwardly from the bottom wall, the upper portion having a top wall (36) and an upper perimeter wall extending downwardly from the top wall, the lower perimeter wall and the upper perimeter wall have the same form and size, the upper portion being positionable to rest upon the lower portion whereby an edge of the upper perimeter wall abuts an edge of the lower perimeter wall and are attached by a hinge (38) (SEE Figure 2) thereby defining an interior space for receiving a portion of a pipe, an aperture (74) positioned within the lower portion of the housing for receiving heat source (72), the aperture is positioned in the lower perimeter wall.

Claims 1, 2, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hirayama (6,257,880). Hirayama discloses a pipe heating apparatus (12) for heating a pipe and conduit and includes a housing having a lower portion (16) and an upper portion (14), the lower portion has a bottom wall (SEE Figure 2) capable of being rested upon a horizontal support surface, the lower portion has a lower perimeter wall (26) extending upwardly from the bottom wall, the upper portion having a top wall (18) and an upper perimeter wall (20) extending downwardly from the top wall, the lower perimeter wall and the upper perimeter wall have the same form and size, the upper portion being positionable to rest upon the lower portion whereby an edge of the upper perimeter wall abuts an edge of the lower perimeter wall and are attached by a hinge (30) (SEE Figure 1) thereby defining an interior space for receiving a portion of a pipe,

an aperture (42) positioned within the lower perimeter wall of the lower portion of the housing for receiving heat source.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3-6 and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Todd et al (5,853,289) in view of Halverson, Jr. (6,033,213). Todd et al discloses the applicants primary inventive concept as stated above, but does not particularly disclose that the aperture is in the top wall and of a particular size for receiving a desirable heat source (ie: heat gun). Halvorsen, Jr. teaches an aperture in the upper portion of a pipe heating apparatus for accepting a heat gun (58). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains to have modified Todd et al to include an aperture in the top wall for receiving the nozzle of a heat gun for the purpose of heating a pipe in a pipe heating apparatus for bending purposes. As to the size of the aperture, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the diameter of the aperture for accepting a suitable heat gun, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the hole size. A modification as such is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

Claims 3-6 and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirayama (6,257,880) in view of Halverson, Jr. (6,033,213). Hirayama discloses the applicants primary inventive concept as stated above, but does not particularly disclose that the aperture is in the top wall and of a particular size for receiving a desirable heat source (ie: heat gun). Halvorsen, Jr. teaches an aperture in the upper portion of a pipe heating apparatus for accepting a heat gun (58). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains to have modified Hirayama to include an aperture in the top wall for receiving the nozzle of a heat gun for the purpose of heating a pipe in a pipe heating apparatus for bending purposes. As to the size of the aperture, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the diameter of the aperture for accepting a suitable heat gun, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the hole size. A modification as such is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Todd et al (5,853,289) in view of Halverson, Jr. (6,033,213) as applied to claims 3-6 and 8-10 above, and further in view of Johnson (6,561,797). Todd et al in view of Halverson, Jr. discloses the applicants' primary inventive concept including a pipe heater having an aperture sized for accepting a heat gun as stated above, but does not particularly discloses a lower heat deflector. Johnson teaches the use of a lower heat deflector (25) which disperses the heat generated by the heating means (heat gun). It would

have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains to have modified the pipe heater of **Todd**et al in view of **Halverson**, **Jr**. to include the lower heat deflector as taught by **Johnson** for the purpose of distributing heat flow away from the aperture within the pipe heater.

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 17 is allowed.

Claims 11, 12 and 14-16 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory A. Wilson whose telephone number is (703) 308-1239. The examiner can normally be reached on 7 am - 4:30 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ira Lazarus can be reached on (703)308-1935. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/719,241

Page 7

Art Unit: 3749

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GREGORY WILSON PRIMARY EXAMINER

gaw

April 21, 2004